Grades based on Objectives

Objectives are intended results or consequences of instruction, curricula, programs or activities. Grading is the process of applying standardized measurements of varying levels of achievement in a course to all students.

Objectives define the key elements that must be taught every time the course is delivered.

Outcomes based on SLO’s

Outcomes are achieved results of what was actually learned - the evidence that learning took place. Learning outcomes are measurable statements that specify what learners will know or be able to do as a result of successfully completing a course.

Outcomes are single student-centered and describe what it is that the student should learn.

SLOs are not grades, but observable skills.

Because calculation of a course grade often involves a combination of sources such as class participation and other objectives, the single course grade does not directly represent the student’s achievement of a specific learning outcome or skill.

Instead of how many students received A’s or B’s in the course, the SLO’s are geared to describe or demonstrate a specific skill acquired that is central to the course.

A student could have a test on the chemical interactions involved in baking. There is a research paper assigned about the history of cake baking in medieval England.

Field trips to a local bakery are required. Pop quizzes about baking are given.

Grades on these assignments are awarded to the student. Grades are student-specific.

The tests, papers, quizzes and field trips that are graded are the proof of those grades, and is kept for a specific length of time.

How many students were observed successfully baking a cake? SLOs are meant to be skill-specific. From start to finish, was the student observed baking a cake from scratch?

Sometimes CTE courses have clear-cut SLO’s that are identical skills that may be present on licensure or certification programs.

Academic courses should also provide specific skills: solve a linear equation, carry on a simple 2-minute conversion in a language course, write a short economics paper on price determination in a market economy, sight-reading a piece of music.

Assessments scorecards are proof that a skill was observed, scored according to the course’s rubric, and assigned to a single student.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grades based on Objectives</th>
<th>Outcomes based on SLO’s</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Objectives</strong> are put into the <strong>Course Outline of Record (COR)</strong>.</td>
<td><strong>Student Learning Outcomes</strong> for the COURSE must be on the <strong>course syllabus</strong> (CSLO’s). They should also appear on the <strong>COR</strong>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Grades</strong> and <strong>Students</strong> and <strong>Courses</strong> are stored in <strong>Banner</strong>.</td>
<td><strong>Program</strong> and <strong>Institutional Student Learning Outcomes</strong> must be in the College Course Catalog.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Course Outlines</strong> are stored in <strong>CourseLeaf</strong>. ACCJC requires that CSLO’s be here also, but the active data management system is <strong>eLumen</strong>. There is a section in <strong>CourseLeaf</strong> for PSLO’s to be used when creating and revising programs.</td>
<td><strong>Student Learning Outcomes</strong> are stored in <strong>eLumen</strong>. The SLO statements are developed by Faculty and Departments. Once a term, the <strong>Course SLO’s</strong> are paired with student <strong>rosters</strong> for active sections (from <strong>Banner</strong>), combined with a <strong>rubric</strong>, and sent out to Faculty in the form of <strong>scorecards</strong> (a.k.a. “assessments” or “doing my SLO’s”).</td>
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COURSE SLO’s are mapped to PSLO’s in eLumen.

**Course SLO’s** should not describe unmeasurable outcomes. “Acquire an understanding of …” or “Gain an appreciation of …” Understanding and appreciation are not measurable outcomes. Use verbs that imply measurement:

- observe
- measure
- classify
- test hypotheses
- modify
- gather synthesis
- design
- select
- evaluate hypotheses
- revise
- modify
- gather synthesis
- design
- select
- evaluate
- record
- interpret
- prove
- model
- formulate
- extract
- reason through algorithms
- infer
- initiate
- sustain
describe define . . .

Some good verbs that are specific to the course of study or discipline

- calculate
- translate
- conjugate
- compose
- administer
- troubleshoot
- program
- converse
- present
- bake
- prepare
- align
- repair
- paint
- draft
- sculpt
- draw decorate . . .

**Course SLO’s** should not be too general, and be identifiable to a specific course. They should have academic rigor - not be something the average person would be able to perform. Everybody knows about air pollution - academic rigor would be: “describe the six major air pollution particulates.”

**Program SLO’s** should be written to accommodate one or more Course SLO. CSLO’s that describe skills related to baking should have an encompassing Program SLO’s that describe the skills gained in baking bread, cake, meats and so forth. PSLO’s should also be engaging for prospective students as they are reading them in the Course Catalogs.

Poor PSLO: “Students will understand baking.”

Better PSLO: “Acquire skills in commercial baking techniques using industrial equipment designed for bread and pastry.”
Further Reading and Helpful Links:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>eLumen</strong> Link:</th>
<th>Towards the end of the Term the eLumen scorecards (a.k.a. assessments) will become available to all Faculty teaching at least one section. All SLO information is contained in eLumen. The credentials (login and password) for eLumen are not the same as other applications. Please contact the Data Steward to change your login and password to something that is more meaningful to you.</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="https://oxnard.elumenapp.com/elumen/" alt="eLumen Link" /></td>
<td></td>
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</table>

**eLumen FAQ**

1) **Aggregate (collective) scoring in eLumen is not available** because you cannot disaggregate the data into gender, ethnicity or other data points that are now required by Accreditation. **Faculty-created Assessments are no longer allowed.** Departments will use their own custom-written Course SLO’s (CSLO’s + rubric + section + roster) to create scorecards. In eLumen, scorecards are re-used term after term, using the same Course SLO’s and rubric, but obviously changing the student roster for the current term. Long-term outcome data analysis depends upon the same CSLO’s being scored over time.

2) **ALL students on a scorecard must have a numbered score or an N/A in order to get credit for a completed assessment.** Scorecard icons are blue when incomplete, and green when all students are scored or N/A checkboxed.

3) **To add, change, edit or deactivate any SLO, please contact the Data Steward.** This will eliminate duplicate SLO’s and a host of other issues including insuring that the mapping is done correctly. The Data Steward does not write SLO’s, only enters them into eLumen after the Department has reviewed them and how they will be mapped to PSLO’s and ISLO’s. Faculty cannot create their own CSLO’s in eLumen – but the Data Steward will be most happy to put them in exactly as they want and review their mappings to Program and Institutional SLO’s.

4) **All eLumen data (sections, courses, students) comes from the Banner grading system.** Banner data is loaded into eLumen at the end of the term (in order not to upload too many students who have dropped or withdrawn). If you feel you have too many dropped students in your scorecards, please contact the Data Steward to have them removed. The Data Steward sends out scorecards/assessments towards the end of the term - after the Banner data has been loaded into eLumen.

5) If a faculty does not receive a notice that the SLO scorecards are ready (towards the end of the term), please contact the Data Steward to insure that: a) the courses taught have proper Course and Program SLO’s attached, and b) if more than one faculty was teaching the course, only the primary faculty will receive notification.
White Papers and Other College Approaches to Student Learning Outcomes

Adelman, Clifford
To Imagine a Verb: The Language and Syntax of Learning Outcomes Statements

Nunley, Charlene, Trudy Bers, and Terri Manning
Learning Outcomes Assessment in Community Colleges
Occasional Paper #10, National Institute for Learning Outcomes Assessment

National Institute for Learning Outcomes Assessment - Student Learning Outcomes
Statement Resources (excellent)
https://www.learningoutcomesassessment.org/ourwork/embracing-transparency-framework/components/student-learning-outcomes-statements/

Osters, Sandi, and F. Simone Tiu
Galivan College: Writing Measurable Learning Outcomes

University of West Florida - Bloom’s Taxonomy Action Words
https://uwf.edu/academic-affairs/departments/cutla/services-for/assessment/blooms-taxonomy-introduction/

San Diego State 360 Action Verbs for Writing Student Learning Outcome Statements
Alphabetical verbs literally in your face!
http://www.dartmouth.edu/~oir/pdfs/Action_verb_%20for_SLOs.pdf

National Institute for Learning Outcomes Assessment
NILOA – Established in 2008, the granddaddy of Learning Outcomes
(University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign)
Resources, mission, surveys of campus assessment efforts
https://www.learningoutcomesassessment.org/

The Research & Planning Group for California Community Colleges
The RP Group utilizes perspectives of college researchers, faculty and administrators
http://rpgroup.org/

Academic Senate for California Community Colleges – Sharing Student Learning Outcomes with Community
Grades versus SLOs discussion → grades = student-specific, SLO’s = skill-specific – Mt. San Antonio College
http://www.asccc.org/content/sharing-student-learning-outcomes-slos-your-college-community

Academic Senate for California Community Colleges – A Different Way of Thinking About SLOs
October 2016 Discussion by Jarek Janio, Santa Ana College
http://www.asccc.org/content/different-way-thinking-about-slos

University of Oregon Student Learning Outcomes
Uses the S.M.A.R.T. process, specific, measurable, attainable, results and tailored
https://cas.uoregon.edu/learning-outcomes/

National Institute for Learning Outcomes Assessment
Program Planning in a Time of COVID-19