

Book	VCCCD Administrative Procedure Manual
Section	Chapter 4 Academic Affairs
Title	AP 4260 PREREQUISITES AND CO-REQUISITES
Number	AP 4260
Status	Active
Legal	Title 5, Sections 55000 et seq.
Adopted	June 16, 2010
Last Reviewed	June 18, 2013

The faculty in the discipline or, if the college has no faculty member in the discipline, the faculty in the department are responsible for approving courses and establishing their associated prerequisites/co-requisites as separate actions. The approval of a prerequisite or co-requisites must be based on the determination that it is an appropriate and rational measure of a student's readiness to enter a degree-applicable credit course or program.

Determinations about prerequisites and co-requisites shall be made only on a course-by-course or program-by-program basis, including those establishing communication and computational skill requirements (*per Title 55003(a) and (j) respectively*).

Courses for which prerequisites or co-requisites are established will be taught by a qualified instructor and in accordance with the course outline, particularly those aspects of the course outline that are the basis for justifying the establishment of the prerequisites or co-requisites (*per Title 5* 55003(b)(2) and (3)).

# A. Establishing Prerequisites and Co-requisites

In order to establish a prerequisite or co-requisite, the prerequisite or co-requisite must be determined to be necessary and appropriate for achieving the purpose for which it is being established (*per Title 5 55003(b)(1)*). Necessary and appropriate shall be understood to mean reasonably needed to achieve the purpose that it purports to serve: absolute necessity is not required (*per Title 5 55000(h)*). Prerequisites and co-requisites may be established only for any of the following purposes (*per Title 5 55003(d*)).

1. The prerequisites or co-requisite is expressly required or expressly authorized by statute or regulation; or

2. The prerequisite will assure that a student has the skills, concepts, and/or information that is presupposed in terms of the course or program for which it is being established, such that a student who has not met the prerequisite is highly unlikely to receive a satisfactory grade in the course (or at least one course within the program) for which the prerequisite is being established; or

3. The co-requisite course will assure that a student acquires the necessary skills, concepts, and/or information, such that a student who has not enrolled in the co-requisite is highly unlikely to receive a satisfactory grade in the course or program for which the co-requisite is being established; or

4. The prerequisite or co-requisite is necessary to protect the health or safety of a student or the health and safety of others.

### **B. Level of Scrutiny**

The level of scrutiny required for establishing prerequisites, co-requisites, and advisories on recommended preparation are content review or content review with statistical validation (per Title 5 55003(a)).

1. Content review is a rigorous, systemic systematic process conducted by discipline faculty that identifies the necessary and appropriate body of knowledge or skills students need to possess prior to enrolling in a course, or which students need to acquire through simultaneous enrollment in a correquisite course (per Title 5 55000 (c)). At a minimum, content review shall include the following;

a. Careful review of the course including components such as course outline of record (COR) syllabi, sample exams, assignments, instructional materials, and/ or grading criteria

b. Using the CORs of both the target and proposed prerequisite course, identification of required sills/knowledge student must have prior to enrolling in the target course and matching those skills/knowledge to the proposed prerequisites course

c. Documentation that verifies the above steps were taken.

2. Statistical validation is a compilation of data according to sound research practices that shows a student is highly unlikely to succeed in the course unless the student has met the proposed prerequisite or co-requisite (per Title 5 55003(f)). When this level of scrutiny is used, the college shall follow the guidelines specified in Title 5, 55003(g).

# C. Exemption from Scrutiny

1. A prerequisite or co-requisite shall be exempt from scrutiny if it satisfies any of the following criteria (per Title 5 55003(e)):

2. It is required by statue or regulation; or

3. It is part of a closely related lecture-laboratory course pairing within a discipline; or It is required by a four-year institution; or

4. Baccalaureate institutions will not grant credit for a course unless it has a particular communication or computational skill prerequisite.

### D. Curriculum Review Process

Each college's Curriculum Committee is responsible for the curriculum review process, and its membership is determined in a manner that is determined by the college's Academic Senate (per Title 5 section 55002(a0(1)). A college Curriculum Committee reviews and approves the establishment of prerequisites, co-requisites, and advisories on recommended preparation only upon the recommendation of the Academic Senate except that the Academic Senate may delegate this task to the Curriculum Committee without forfeiting its right or responsibility under Title 5 sections 53200-53204.

When content review is used to establish prerequisites or co-requisites in reading, written expression, or mathematics for degree applicable courses not in a sequence, the college Curriculum Committee will do all the following:

- Provide training to Curriculum Committee members on the establishment of corequisites/prerequisites
- Inform faculty about regulations regarding the establishment of co-requisites/prerequisites using content review
- Direct faculty to the college's Office of Institutional Research to help with do the following: a) identify courses that may increase the likelihood of student success with the establishment of a prerequisite or co-requisite; b) prioritize which courses should be considered for the establishment of new co-requisites or prerequisites; c) monitor any disproportionate impact that may occur based on the establishment of a prerequisite or co-requisite
- Assure through communication with the college's Executive Vice-President's Office that prerequisite course, co-requisites courses, and courses that do not require prerequisites or co-requisites, whether basic skills or degree-applicable courses, are reasonably available.

1. Standards for Approval of Prerequisites and Co-requisites.

A college's Curriculum Committees will review the course outlines to determine if a student would be highly unlikely to receive a satisfactory grade unless the student has knowledge or skills not taught in the course. The course outline will be reviewed to determine if success in the course is dependent upon communication or computation skills, in which case the course shall require as prerequisites or co-requisites eligibility for enrollment in associate degree credit courses in English and/or mathematics, respectively (per Title 5 55002(a)(2)(D) and (E). If a course requires pre-collegiate skills in reading, written expression, or mathematics, the college will do the following (per Title 5 55003(l)).

a. Ensure these courses and sections are offered with reasonable frequency b. Monitor progress on student equity in accordance with title 54220 as follows:

- The college will conduct an evaluation to determine if the perquisite has a disproportionate impact on student success.
- Where there is disproportionate impact on any group of students, the college will, in consultation with the Chancellor President or designee, develop and implement a plan setting forth steps the district will take to correct the disproportionate impact.

2. Periodic review of Prerequisites and Co-requisites Using an appropriate level of scrutiny, the college will review all established Career and Technical Education (CTE) courses and program prerequisites, co-requisites, and advisories every two years to ensure they remain necessary and appropriate; all other established course and program prerequisites, co-requisites, and advisories will be reviewed every six years (*per title 5 55003(b)(4)*).

# E. Challenging Co-requisites and Prerequisites

Whenever a prerequisite and/or co-requisites courses are established, sufficient sections shall be offered to reasonably accommodate all students who are required to take the pre- or co-requisite. A prerequisite and/or co-requisite shall be waived when space in the pre- and/or co-requisite course is not available (per Title 5 section 55003(m)). A student may challenge any prerequisite or co-requisite by submitting a challenge form at the time of registration to the Admission and Records/Records and

Registration Office or other designee. The student will be enrolled in the requested class if space is available. The challenge will be reviewed and the student notified of the decision within five (5) working days per AP 5052. If the challenge is denied, the student will be dropped from the class and refunded all applicable fees (*per Title 5 55003(o)*).

Grounds for challenge are as follows (per Title 5 55003(p)):

1. The prerequisite or co-requisites not been established in accordance with the district's process for establishing prerequisites and co-requisites

2. The prerequisites or co-requisites is in violation of Title 5 55003

3. The prerequisite or co-requisite is either unlawfully discriminatory or is being applied in an unlawfully discriminatory manner

4. The student has the knowledge or ability to succeed in the course or program despite not meeting the prerequisite or co-requisite

5. The student will be subject to undue delay in attaining the goal of his or her educational plan because the prerequisite or co-requisite course has not been made reasonably available.